Industrialization Quiz

Choose the best answer for each question.

- 1. What was a new production method where workers did the same task over and over again that, in the end, created a final product in less time and for less money than before?
 - A. Kelly-Bessemer process
 - B. monopoly
 - C. union
 - D. assembly line

2. Which of the following is an example of a monopoly?

- A. a business that controls one of 10 different pencil companies in the United States
- B. a pencil making business that is owned by many people
- C. a business that controls the production of all pencils in the United States
- D. a person who spends all day putting erasers on the tops of pencils

3. A robber baron is:

- A. a businessman whose business practices affected society positively.
- B. a businessman whose business practices affected society negatively.
- C. a state legislator that protected business interests.
- D. a criminal who has been imprisoned overseas for their crimes.

4. What attracted people to America's rapidly growing cities in the late 1800s?

- A. job opportunities
- B. tenement houses
- C. electric lighting
- D. art museums

5. Where did most factory workers live?

- A. homes that they owned
- B. ten-story skyscrapers
- C. crowded tenements
- D. spacious suburbs

6. Which does <u>NOT</u> describe the conditions of a factory in the early 1900s?

- A. long hours of work for low wages
- B. unsafe and unhealthy
- C. comfortable and relaxing
- D. crowded

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THE TEST

7. Whose interests were represented by labor unions?

- A. investors
- B. managers
- C. customers
- D. workers

8. What caused labor unions to go on strike?

- A. Women wanted the right to vote.
- B. Workers did not want to get fired.
- C. African Americans wanted freedom from slavery.
- D. Laborers wanted better working conditions and higher wages.

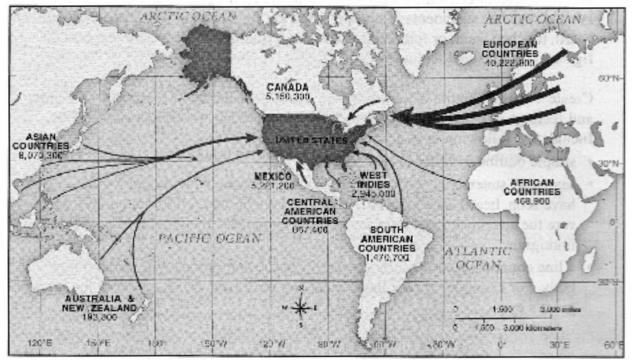
9. What did Progressives do?

- A. They purified the church.
- B. They worked to make the lives of Americans better.
- C. They threatened and killed African Americans.
- D. They sailed across the Pacific Ocean.

10. Which of the following was <u>NOT</u> a problem that Progressive Era reformers sought to solve?

- A. voting rights for women
- B. racial prejudice
- C. child labor
- D. voting rights for Native Americans

Use the map below to answer questions 11-14.



11. This map shows:

- A. how many countries sent immigrants to the U.S.
- B. how many immigrants came to the U.S. and then returned home.
- C. the number of immigrants who came to the U.S. from different parts of the world.
- D. the effects of different push and pull factors on immigration to the U.S..

12. What do the width of the arrows from each region indicate?

- A. distance from that region to the United States
- B. number of immigrants who came from that region to the U.S.
- C. length of time it took immigrants from that region to travel to the U.S.
- D. number of years during which people from that region came to the U.S.

13. According to the map, where did the majority of immigrants come from?

- A. European countries
- B. Asian countries
- C. Canada
- D. the West Indies

14. What is <u>NOT</u> shown on the map?

- A. where immigrants came from
- B. how many immigrants came
- C. why immigrants came to the U.S.
- D. what oceans immigrants crossed

Use the cartoon below to answer questions 15 and 16 in complete sentences



THE PROTECTORS OF OUR INDUSTRIES

- 15. What people and objects are present in the cartoon? What, if any, symbolism is present? What is going on in the cartoon?
- 16. Explain the cartoon. What is the meaning of the cartoon? What point is the artist trying to make?

Answer the following questions in at least one paragraph.

- 17. Describe the experience of immigrating to the United States at the turn of the century.
- 18. Describe working conditions at the turn of the century. Be sure to include information about hours, pay, who worked, etc.